



LOCAL DISTRICT SOUTH

*Successful Students,
Supporting Schools &
Strengthening Communities*

Local District South

Ten Day Grade Level Assignment Packet

Grade: 1
English Language Arts



This packet contains the pages needed to complete your assignments over the next ten days. You will need the purple Benchmark Text titled: **My Shared Readings, 9 and 10.**

When **packet pages** are assigned they are from the packet of handouts and are numbered using the preexisting numbers from the original Benchmark text pages. They are arranged in order as assigned.

Este paquete contiene las páginas que usted necesita para completar sus tareas en 10 días. Necesitarás el texto titulado en rojo – Benchmark Adelante: **Mis Lecturas Compartidas 9 y 10.**

Las tareas estan numeradas en orden usando las páginas numeradas del texto original de Benchmark Adelante.

Schedule of Daily Assignments:

Day #	My Shared Readings Units 9 and 10	Packet
1	Read pages 2 and 3 Complete page 3	Practice reading from the High Frequency Word List. Keep track of the words you need to learn. Complete page 1.
2	Read pages 4 and 5 Complete page 5	Practice high frequency words that are not yet mastered. Complete pages 2 and 3.

3	Read pages 6 and 7 Complete page 7	Continue to work on mastering the Grade 1 High Frequency Words. Complete page 4. Practice reading <i>Playing Ball</i> pages 205-206. Read it 3 times working on your fluency.
4	Read pages 8 and 9 Complete page 9	Complete page 5.
5	Read pages 10 and 11 Complete page 11	Complete pages 6 and 7. Practice reading <i>At the Park</i> pages 207-208. Read 3 times practicing your fluency.
6	Read pages 12 and 13 Complete page 13	Complete page 8. Practice any high frequency words you have not yet mastered.
7	Read pages 14 and 15 Complete page 15	Complete Monday's assignment on the Daily Take-Home Activity Calendar. Complete page 9.
8	Read pages 16 and 17 Complete page 17	Complete Wednesday's assignment on the Daily Take-Home Activity Calendar. Complete page 10.
9	Read pages 18 and 19 Complete page 19	Complete page 11.
10	Read pages 20 and 21 Complete page 21	Complete page 12. Practice reading <i>Water Fun</i> . Practice all your high frequency words.

*Do as many activities as you would like from the **Daily Take-Home Activity Calendar**.

Review High-Frequency Words (K–1)

is	the	has	and	of
with	see	for	no	have
are	said	you	me	come
here	to	my	look	he
go	put	want	this	she
saw	now	like	do	home
they	went	good	was	be
we	there	then	out	

High-Frequency Words (Grade 1, First Half continued)

out	who	good	by	them
were	our	could	these	once
upon	hurt	that	because	from
their	when	why	many	right
start	find	how	over	under
try	give	far	too	

High-Frequency Words (Grade 1, Second Half)

after call large her house

long off small brown work

year live found your know

always all people where draw

again round they country four

great boy city laugh move

High-Frequency Words (Grade 1, Second Half continued)

change away every near school

earth done before about even

walk buy only through does

another wash some better carry

learn very mother father never

below blue answer eight any

High-Frequency Words (Grade 1, First Half)

the	see	go	she	and
play	little	you	with	for
no	jump	one	have	are
said	two	look	my	come
here	to	of	what	put
want	this	saw	now	do
which	went	was	there	then

Expand Declarative and Interrogative Sentences

Compound declarative sentences make a statement and have two complete thoughts. You can expand declarative sentences by adding details and information. Compound interrogative sentences include two complete questions. You can expand interrogative sentences by giving more information about the subject of the question.

We plant vegetables, and we grow flowers.

We plant vegetables in the garden, and we grow flowers in pots.

Would you like to go, or would you rather stay?

Would you like to go to the movies, or would you rather stay home?

Read each sentence. Expand it by adding words or details.

1. We can play _____, or we can read _____.
2. Who makes that _____ shirt, and where can I buy one?
3. We draw _____, or we paint _____.
4. Will you come _____, or will you stay _____?
5. We went _____, and we visited _____.

Expand Declarative and Interrogative Sentences

Compound imperative sentences give two or more commands. You can expand imperative sentences by telling how to do something or describing a noun in the sentence. Compound exclamatory sentences show two complete exclamations.

Tiptoe, and be quiet.

Tiptoe through the door, and be quiet.

The ride was scary, but it was fun!

The fast, spinning ride was scary, but it was fun!

Read each imperative or exclamatory sentence.

Expand it by adding words or details.

1. I saw _____, and I ran _____!

2. Listen _____, and don't talk _____.

3. Read _____, and write _____.

4. Let's play _____ because it will be fun!

5. Put on shoes before you go _____.

Silent Letters and High-Frequency Words

better	gnat	knight	knob	know
learn	sign	wrap	wrist	wrong

Read each word below.

Write the spelling word that rhymes with it.

1. right _____

2. song _____

3. fist _____

4. rat _____

5. low _____

6. tap _____

7. nine _____

Silent Letters and High-Frequency Words

better	gnat	knight	knob	know
learn	sign	wrap	wrist	wrong

Write the spelling words that have the silent letter pair *gn*.

1. _____

2. _____

Write the spelling words that have the silent letter pair *kn*.

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Write the spelling words that have the silent letter pair *wr*.

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

Write the spelling words that do not have a silent consonant.

9. _____

10. _____



Playing Ball



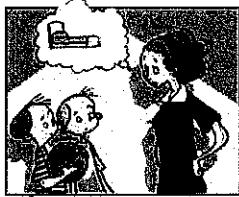
Tim and Jim play ball. They
run. They jump. They throw
the ball. They kick the ball.
They have fun.



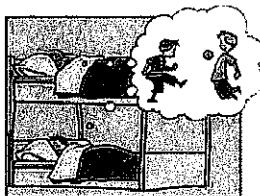
"Time for bed!" says Mom.

"Can we play more?" asks Tim.

"You need to sleep now,"
says Mom.



Tim and Jim go to bed. Mom⁴⁵
tells them a story. The story⁵¹
is about two boys. The boys⁵⁷
play ball. They run. They jump.⁶³
They throw the ball. They kick⁶⁹
the ball. The boys have fun.⁷⁵



Tim and Jim smile. Soon the⁸¹
boys are asleep.⁸⁴

Self-Check

1. Tim and Jim kicked the _____.
2. Why did Tim and Jim go to bed?
3. Did Tim and Jim like Mom's story?
How can you tell?

Conjunctions

Use conjunctions such as **and**, **or**, **but**, **so**, or **because** to combine shorter sentences into longer ones.

The tree has green leaves. The tree has pink flowers.

The tree has green leaves **and** pink flowers.

Use the conjunction to combine the sentences.

Write the new sentence on the line.

1. The sky was clear. The sky was blue. (and)

2. Then the sky got dark. It got cloudy. (and)

3. We heard thunder. We went inside. (so)

4. Raindrops fell. The storm did not last long. (but)

5. We can go to the movies. We can go to the park. (or)

Conjunctions

Conjunctions can be used to expand sentences.

I like to ride my bike.

I like to ride my bike **and go swimming**.

Read each sentence. Expand the sentence using the conjunction and a phrase from the box.

fast songs	a horn player	cheered for the band
people could rest	people wanted to dance	

1. The band has a drummer and _____.

2. The band plays slow songs and _____.

3. The band played a fast song because. _____

4. The band played a slow song so _____.

5. The crowd clapped and _____.



At the Park



You are at the park.

_____5



What can you hear?

_____13



What can you touch?

_____17



What can you smell?

_____21



What can you taste? _____ 25



You see grass. You see trees. _____ 31

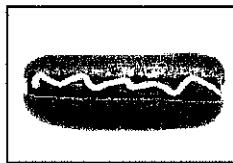


You hear kids. You hear dogs. _____ 37



You slide on the slide. _____ 42

You swing on the swings. _____ 47



You smell hot dogs. _____ 51



Get a hot dog. Taste _____ 56

the hot dog. Mmm! _____ 60

/ô/ and High-Frequency Words

caught chalk draw father fault
launch never small taught yawn

Circle the spelling word that completes the sentence.

Write it on the line.

1. The teacher wrote with _____.

draw chalk yawn

2. I _____ when I am tired.

yawn small fault

3. The ant is so _____.

small chalk fault

4. I _____ with markers.

yawn launch draw

5. Pam _____ a fish.

never short caught

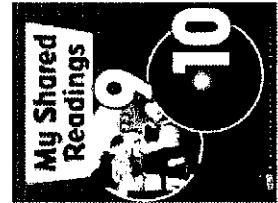
Name: _____

Unit 10: Exploring Sound and Light

Daily Take-Home Activity Calendar

Check off each activity as you complete it.

Activity Calendar



Monday

Dogs Help the Deaf
pp. 14–15

• Read aloud the text.

Week 1
Ask your child to find and read the word home on page 15.

Point to the words **some** and **something**. Remind your child that **some** has the same spelling pattern but a different vowel sound than the word **home**.

• Read aloud the rhyme.

- Together, say the words **beeping**, **furry**, **hearing**, and **owner**, dividing the main word from the ending. (**eep** + **ing**, **fur** + **y**, **hear** + **ing**, **own** + **er**)
- Ask your child to find and read these four words in the text and circle the two endings that are alike. (-**ing** on **beeping** and **hearing**)

Rainbow
pp. 18–19

• Read aloud the rhyme.

- Together, circle the rhyming pairs at the ends of the lines. Read each pair of words.
- Ask your child to put a checkmark beside the pair of words that have different sounds. (rain, again) Then ask him or her to put an X by the pair of words that have different spelling patterns. (through, you)

Tuesday

Dogs Help the Deaf
pp. 14–15

• Read aloud the text.

- Together, draw a circle around the names of all the animals in the rhyme. Then read the words together.
- Ask your child to draw an arrow from the circled words to match the animals shown in the photographs.
- Read aloud the rhyme.
- Point to the word **moment**. Together, read the word by syllables. (**mo/ment**) Repeat with the word **marvel**. (**mar/vel**)
- Ask: *How are these two words alike?* (Both begin with the sound of the letter m and have two syllables.)

Rainbow
pp. 18–19

• Read aloud the rhyme.

- Ask your child to practice reading his or her favorite pair of lines from the rhyme aloud.
- Remind him or her to reread and correct any words that don't look right or make sense, assisting as needed.

Wednesday

I Know All the Sounds That the Animals Make
pp. 16–17

• Read aloud the rhyme.

- Review the two selections.
- Ask your child to find the word **dog** in the first selection and a word that names the sound a dog makes in the second selection. (bark)
- Ask: *Do you think any of the animals in the rhyme could be as helpful as a dog? Why or why not?*
- Read aloud the rhyme.
- Point to the word **moment**. Together, read the word by syllables. (**mo/ment**) Repeat with the word **marvel**. (**mar/vel**)
- Ask: *How are these two words alike?* (Both begin with the sound of the letter m and have two syllables.)

My Homemade Band
pp. 20–21

• Read aloud the story.

- Read the word **Homemade** in the title by syllables. (**Home/made**) Discuss what vowel sound you hear in each syllable (long o, long a) and why this word fits the story.
- Ask: *What does Cam play? (drums) Point out that the -s at the end of drums means "more than one."*
- Work together to find and read other words that end in -s and name more than one thing. (jars, boxes, bottles, bands, friends)
- Take turns telling about homemade things you have made or seen.
- Review the two selections.
- Together, say the word **stuck** in parts. (**st/u/ck**) Ask your child to find and read the word on page 18.
- Help him or her find other words that begin with st- or str- in the selections (streets, start, stuff), say the words in parts, then read the words.

Thursday

I Know All the Sounds That the Animals Make
pp. 16–17

• Read aloud the rhyme.

- Review the two selections.
- Ask your child to find the word **dog** in the first selection and a word that names the sound a dog makes in the second selection. (bark)
- Ask: *Do you think any of the animals in the rhyme could be as helpful as a dog? Why or why not?*
- Read aloud the rhyme.
- Point to the word **moment**. Together, read the word by syllables. (**mo/ment**) Repeat with the word **marvel**. (**mar/vel**)
- Ask: *How are these two words alike?* (Both begin with the sound of the letter m and have two syllables.)

Dogs Help the Deaf: I Know All the Sounds That the Animals Make
pp. 14–17

• Review the two selections.

- Ask your child to find the word **dog** in the first selection and a word that names the sound a dog makes in the second selection. (bark)
- Ask: *Do you think any of the animals in the rhyme could be as helpful as a dog? Why or why not?*
- Review the two selections.
- Together, say the word **stuck** in parts. (**st/u/ck**) Ask your child to find and read the word on page 18.
- Help him or her find other words that begin with st- or str- in the selections (streets, start, stuff), say the words in parts, then read the words.

Friday

Dogs Help the Deaf: I Know All the Sounds That the Animals Make
pp. 14–17

• Review the two selections.

- Ask your child to find the word **dog** in the first selection and a word that names the sound a dog makes in the second selection. (bark)
- Ask: *Do you think any of the animals in the rhyme could be as helpful as a dog? Why or why not?*
- Review the two selections.
- Together, say the word **stuck** in parts. (**st/u/ck**) Ask your child to find and read the word on page 18.
- Help him or her find other words that begin with st- or str- in the selections (streets, start, stuff), say the words in parts, then read the words.

Day or Night? pp. 22–23

Day or Night?
pp. 22–23

• Read aloud the text.

- Ask your child to point to the first word in each sentence. Read the words together.
- Ask him or her to choose one of the sentences that end in a question mark or exclamation point to practice reading with expression.
- Read aloud the rhyme.
- Ask your child to find words that begin or end with **th-**. (that, with, the, than) Read the words together, emphasizing the **th-** sound.
- Challenge him or her to find a word that begins with **sh-** (shadow) and **wh-** (what). Read the words together.

Day or Night?: My Shadow

My Shadow
pp. 24–25

• Review the two selections.

- Ask: *Which picture shows day? Which picture shows night?*
- Discuss how you might be able to see your shadow during the day and during the night.
- Read aloud the rhyme.
- Ask your child to find a word with a long u sound (use) and say the word sound by sound (u/se).
- Then ask him or her to find two words with a short u sound (up, jump), saying the words sound by sound (u/p, u/jump).

Nombre: _____
Unidad 10: Exploring Sound and Light

Calendario de actividades

diarias para la casa

Marque cada actividad a medida que la completa.



Martes

Dogs Help the Deaf
págs. 14–15

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Pida a su niño/a que busque y lea la palabra **home** en la página 15.

Señale las palabras **stone** y **something**. Recuerde a su niño/a que **some** tiene el mismo patrón ortográfico pero un sonido de vocal diferente que la palabra **home**.

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Juntos, digan las palabras **beeping**, **furry**, **hearing** y **owner**, separando la palabra principal de la terminación. (**deep** + **ing**; **tur** + **y**; **hear** + **ing**; **own** + **er**)

Pida a su niño/a que busque y lea estas cuatro palabras en el texto y que encierre en un círculo las dos terminaciones que son iguales. (ing en **beeping** y en **hearing**).

Rainbow
págs. 18–19

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Juntos, encierran en un círculo los pares que riman al final de las líneas. Lean cada pareja de palabras.

Pida a su niño/a que marque las parejas de palabras que tienen diferentes sonidos. (**rain**, **again**) Luego, pídale que marque con una X las parejas de palabras que tienen diferentes patrones ortográficos. (**through**, **you**)

Day or Night?
págs. 22–23

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Pida a su niño/a que señale la primera palabra de cada oración. Lean juntas las palabras.

Pídale que elija una de las oraciones que termine en un signo de interrogación o de exclamación. Practiquen leyendo las oraciones con la entonación correcta.

Miércoles

I Know All the Sonidos That the Animals Make
págs. 16–17

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Juntos, dibujen un círculo alrededor de los nombre de todos los animales del texto. Luego, lean juntos las palabras. Pida a su niño/a que dibuje una flecha desde las palabras encerradas en círculos hasta los animales correspondientes mostrados en las fotografías.

My Homemade Band
págs. 20–21

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Pregunte: *¿Qué toca Cam?* (drums) Señale que la **-s** al final de **drums** significa "más de uno". Trabajen juntos para buscar y leer otras palabras que terminen en **-s** y **nombren más de una cosa**. (jars, boxes, bottles, bands, friends)

My Shadow
págs. 24–25

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Pida a su niño/a que busque palabras que empiecen o terminen con **th**. (that, with, the, than) Lean las palabras juntas, haciendo énfasis en el sonido **th**. Anime a su niño/a que busque una palabra que empiece con **sh**. (shadow) Y con **wh**. (what). Lean juntas las palabras.

Jueves

I Know All the Sonidos That the Animals Make
págs. 16–17

Lean el texto en voz alta.

Señale la palabra **moment**. Juntos, lean la palabra dividiéndola en sílabas. (me/men) Repitan con la palabra **Marvel**. (mar/vel)

Pregunte: *¿En qué se parecen estas dos palabras?* (Ambas empiezan con el sonido de la letra **m** y tienen dos sílabas.)

Rainbow; My Homemade Band
págs. 18–21

Repase los dos textos.

Pida a su niño/a que busque la palabra **dog** en el primer texto y una palabra que nombre el sonido que hace un perro en el segundo texto. (bark)

Pregunte: *¿Crees que **alguno** de los animales en el texto podría ser tan **útil** como un perro? ¿Por qué sí o por qué no?*

Day or Night?; My Shadow
págs. 22–25

Repase los dos textos.

Pregunte: *¿Qué imagen muestra el día? ¿Qué imagen muestra la noche?*

Comenten cómo podrían ver su sombra durante el día y durante la noche.

Viernes

Dogs Help the Deaf!
I Know All the Sonidos That the Animals Make
págs. 14–17

Repase los dos textos.

Pida a su niño/a que busque la palabra **dog** en el primer texto y una palabra que nombre el sonido que hace un perro en el segundo texto. (bark)

Pregunte: *¿Crees que **alguno** de los animales en el texto podría ser tan **útil** como un perro? ¿Por qué sí o por qué no?*

Rainbow; My Homemade Band
págs. 18–21

Repase los dos textos.

Juntos, digan la palabra **stuck** por partes. (st/y/click) Pida a su niño/a que busque y lea la palabra en la página 18.

Ayúdalos a buscar otras palabras que empiecen con **st**- o **str**- en los textos (streets, start, stuff), digan las palabras por partes y, luego, leanlas de nuevo.

Day or Night?; My Shadow
págs. 22–25

Repase los dos textos.

Pregunte: *¿Qué imagen muestra la noche?*

Semana 1

Lean juntas las palabras de la lista.

Semana 2

Lean juntas las palabras de la lista.

Semana 3

Lean juntas las palabras de la lista.

/ô/ and High-Frequency Words

caught chalk draw father fault
launch never small taught yawn

Write the spelling words that match the number of letters.

4 letters

1. _____

2. _____

5 letters

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

6 letters

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

Conjunctions

Remember that conjunctions can be used to combine or expand sentences.

I brush my teeth, **and** then I go to bed.

I read a story **and** turn out the lights.

Read each sentence. Underline the conjunction.

Write it on the line.

1. It was hot, so I went swimming. _____

2. Is the line straight or crooked? _____

3. Jan likes snow, but she doesn't like rain. _____

4. We went camping and slept in a tent. _____

5. I had a snack because I was hungry. _____

Expand Declarative and Imperative Sentences

Declarative sentences make statements. Imperative sentences give commands. You can add details to expand declarative and imperative sentences.

We can make cards, and we can say nice things.

We can make cards, and we can say nice things
to show that we care.

Eat vegetables and play outside.

Eat vegetable and play outside to stay healthy.

Add details to expand each compound declarative or imperative sentence.

1. Look both ways, and then cross. _____

2. I dream, so I try. _____

3. Tom bakes, and then he shares. _____

4. Feed the fish and clean their bowl. _____

Long e Spelled -y and -ey and High-Frequency Words

blue chimney easy eight hockey
lucky penny turkey valley windy

Write the spelling word for each clue.

1. a game you play on ice _____
2. the number after seven _____
3. a color _____
4. a big bird _____
5. one cent _____
6. not hard _____
7. above a fireplace _____
8. narrow area of low land between hills _____
9. having good things happen _____
10. when air is blowing _____

Long e Spelled -y and -ey and High-Frequency Words

blue	chimney	easy	eight	hockey
lucky	penny	turkey	valley	windy

Write the spelling words that match the number of letters.

4 letters

1. _____

2. _____

5 letters

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

6 letters

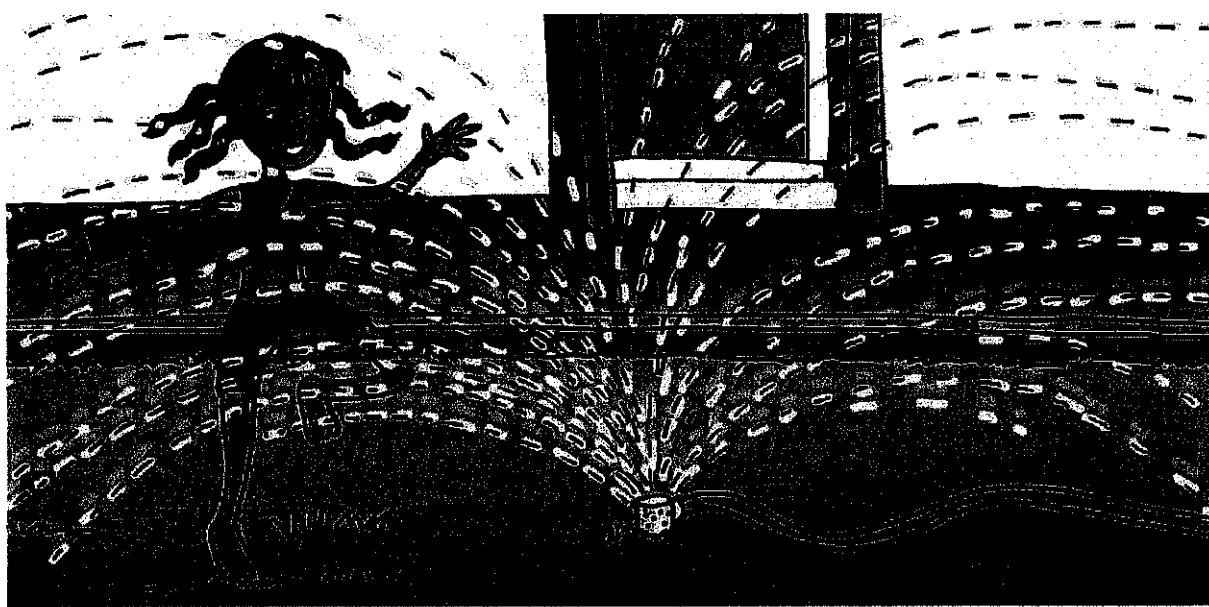
7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

7 letters

10. _____



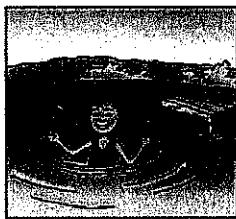
Water Fun

"Water, water, I love water!" —5
said Lil. "I love to play in water." —13

"I love to play in the sprinkler," —20
said Tina. —22



"I love to play in the pool," —29
said Kim. —31



"I love to play in the lake," _____³⁸
said Shane. _____⁴⁰

"Water, water, I love water!" _____⁴⁵
said Lil. "I love to play
on water." _____⁵³

"How can you play on water?" _____⁵⁹
asked Shane. _____⁶¹



"Water can freeze," said Lil. _____⁶⁶
"Then the water is ice.
I can skate on ice!" _____⁷¹
_____⁷⁶